

Edmonton Bulletin.

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EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 21ST, 1888.

No. 25.

TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA, April 12.

It is probable that no change will be made in the lieutenant-governorships of Manitoba and the North-West until after the close of the session.

The minister of justice gives notice to-night of an increase all around in superior court judges' salaries of Canada. In the territories five puisne judges of the supreme court each get five thousand, also travelling expenses and five dollars a day.

It is stated definitely that the rate of interest on the fifteen millions of C. P. R. land grant bonds which the government will guarantee in return for the cancellation of monopoly is fixed at three and a half per cent. The explanation in reference to the settlement will be made to the ministerial caucus to-morrow, but the complete draft will not be made public until approved by the government.

In the house to-day Mr. Laurier complained of the persistent ganging of certain members of the opposition whenever a division takes place and threatened retaliating if the practice was not stopped. Sir Hector Langevin said the practice was an objectionable one, but the opposition was as bad as the ministerialists, as was the case last night when French members on the government side were jeered for voting to sustain the speaker's authority.

OTTAWA, April 13.

The Queen's hotel, Portage la Prairie, was completely destroyed by fire this morning.

At a ministerial caucus this morning it is understood that the terms of the C. P. R. agreement were made known. The general draft of the agreement arrived at has already appeared in the press. The land will be administered by trustees, one of whom will be a member of the government. It will aggregate about fourteen million acres. The company are pledged to apply the proceeds of the bonds issue under direction of the government, it is understood as follows: "Five millions to pay off floating liabilities, five and a half for increasing its rolling stock, and the balance for improving the character of the road and promoting its efficiency. The premier said the negotiations with the C. P. R. had commenced before Greenway was summoned to Ottawa, and that he was brought here to quiet the agitation, which would tend to injure immigration. On his arrival here he was informed that the government were negotiating with the C. P. R., and Mr. Greenway perfectly understood this.

OTTAWA, April 15.

Sir Charles Tupper will deliver his budget speech on Friday.

The sentence of death passed upon Thomas Newton of Winnipeg for the murder of John Ingo has been commuted to penal servitude for life.

A proclamation will appear to-morrow cancelling Saturday's proclamation placing certain natural products entering Canada from the United States on the free list.

Sir Donald Smith proposes to supplement his former gift of \$120,000 for the purpose of endowing a college for the higher education of women by an additional \$250,000. The college is to be located in Montreal, but the special object of the last gift is to establish preparatory schools in Winnipeg and at some other points in Manitoba and the North-West.

OTTAWA, April 17.

The fisheries treaty bill received its second reading without a division.

The grand jury of Quebec found a true bill against Creighton of the Toronto Empire for libel on Mercier.

At midnight on the 16th all members of the imperial family in Berlin were summoned to the bedside of the German Emperor, whose end it is feared is very near.

Sir Hector Langevin said to D. W. Davis that old leases of grazing lands in the North-West which had not been stocked or occupied were being cancelled as fast as possible.

Gabriel Dumont arrived in Montreal on the 16th and held quite a levee among the Rielites. He declares his object is to give a series of lectures in behalf of the Metis throughout the province; but the Rielite candidate for Hochelaga declares his object to be to help Mercier in the pending by-elections. Dumont is also seeking signatures to a petition asking the government to grant indemnity to those half-breeds who took up arms under Riel, which will be presented to the commons by Laurier.

OTTAWA, April 18.

Hon. Thos. White's illness has developed into congestion of the lungs, and he will be confined to his bed for at least a week.

The fisheries treaty bill has passed its third reading.

The minister of the interior gives notice of a bill to amend the Indian act.

The long-expected fight between the C. P. R. and G. T. R. over the application of the former for a south-western charter to connect with the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg system took place to-day in the railway committee, and resulted in a victory for the C. P. R. by 65 to 50.

Mr. Laurier presented a petition to-day from 160 inhabitants of Batoche, Grandin and other places in the Saskatchewan district, representing that the rights and privileges accorded the half-breeds of Manitoba under the Manitoba act had been refused to a large number of the residents of the places mentioned.

OTTAWA, April 19.

In the private bills committee this morning the bill authorizing the construction of Nesbitt Academy, Prince Albert, was passed.

WINNIPEG, April 15.

W. A. Cameron, teller of the Union bank, this city, skipped on Saturday with \$32,000. He was arrested at Pembina, Dakota, and after being held two days without a warrant was released. Chief of police McRae and Mr. Balfour went to Pembina, and it is said made some kind of a compromise with him. It is understood that he will return the money. D. Diamond of the late firm of Tees, & Co. has been arrested for complicity in the crime, and it is said that there are other Winnipeg men who are connected with it.

WINNIPEG, April 18.

Ex-U. S. senator Conkling of New York died at 1:50 this morning.

A similar mass of contradictory reports to that which heralded the death of the late Emperor of Germany are being circulated as to the condition of the present Emperor. Some reports say the present Emperor's health is improving, while others say he is fast approaching his end, and the royal family have been notified.

The \$32,000 stolen from the Union Bank by Cameron has been recovered and is now safe in the bank vaults. After straightening up his accounts and expenses connected with him since he left the bank, Cameron is now short \$130. George Villiers and Harry McKittrick, two well-known hotel men, are under arrest as accomplices in the robbery. It is not known yet where the money was when discovered, but it is supposed that one of these two men had it.

WINNIPEG, April 19.

The Emperor of Germany's condition has taken a decided change for the worse, and his physicians without exception consider his life in danger.

Reports from all parts of Manitoba and the North-West show that seeding is well under way, and that one third more land will be put under crop this year than last.

BATTLEFORD, April 21.

Ice in Battle river started to run out this morning.

Prairie fires were seen in the south during the past week.

Quite a number of immigrants have arrived during the past week.

Mr. Clinkskill and Mr. Gibson arrived this morning from Scotland.

There is a famine in town in coal oil, brooms, hams and bacon.

On Sunday evening John G. Oliver and R. C. Laurie returned from the east.

Col. W. Herchmer, assistant commissioner N. W. M. P., who has been here inspecting the post left for Prince Albert on Sunday.

Battle River Rifle Association matches will take place on May 24th. Arrangements are being made to have a match with Winnipeg by telegraph.

First heavy rain of the season fell Sunday afternoon and night. The ground is now thoroughly wet and farmers are busy plowing and seeding.

The contract for 5,700 telegraph poles for the renewal of the line from Clark's crossing to Prince Albert was let to Baptiste Boyer. Construction will be commenced in two weeks.

Court of revision for the school district is now in session. The first cases were appeals of government officials, which were granted. Next case was clerks and others employed in stores. The decision was given that they can be assessed.

As Dr. Wilson was crossing the river at the upper ferry on Friday in a low sleigh his valise of medical appliances floated out of the rig and was lost in the river.

LOCAL.

RAIN last night.

Eggs are down to 30 cts.

DAMP and cloudy to-day.

SLIGHT snow on Friday morning.

No passengers by Monday's stage.

OATS are selling at 85 cts. a bushel.

FRESH butter is still scarce at 40 cts.

A FLOCK of geese flew over town on Friday morning.

Fraser & Co's mill is busy cutting shingles this week.

The lower crossing of the river has become dangerous.

CATTLE were feeding out at Saddle lake two weeks ago.

R. TONE of Clover Bar settlement plowed a little on Saturday last.

TWO lots on the Robertson & McGinn estate were sold this week.

JAS. KERNOHAN's new dwelling on the H. B. reserve has been completed.

SALES of lots on the D. McDougall estate have been closed for the present.

A PROCLAMATION by the lieutenant-governor fixes Thursday, May 17th as Arbor Day.

CHAS. SANDISON and ex-Asst. J. A. Cameron left for the south on Thursday with A. Reed.

JOHN CAMERON of A. Macdonald & Co. left for Winnipeg on a business trip by Thursday's stage.

A. E. JOHNSTONE, forest ranger, is acting assistant land agent here, since the departure of W. B. Cameron.

THE CALGARY TRIBUNE mentions that a car of settlers' effects for Edmonton was to reach Calgary on the 12th inst.

Snow is pretty well gone on the south side and cattle can feed out very well. It still lingers on the north side.

THERE was a crush at the land office on Monday putting through requests for seed. The demand is chiefly for barley.

The central experimental farm near Ottawa is sending samples of Russian wheat to the Mackenzie river for experimental purposes.

ELMORE BROS. and party arrived from Calgary on Wednesday, bound for the Athabasca, where they have several trading posts established.

A FEW geese and ducks are reported to have been seen last week in this vicinity, but even this week no considerable number has arrived.

R. MCKERNAN wintered 69 head of cattle on his ranch at Sandy lake last winter. This spring the herd has already increased to 87 with no losses.

MESSRS. JOHN BROWN, E. CAREY, H. BANNERMAN, J. LOOBY, D. ROSS and JAS. GOODRIDGE left on Thursday on a hunting trip to Fox lakes and Beaver lake.

D. W. DAVIS, M. P., has asked the government if it is the intention to make a treaty with the Indians north of Treaty Six, or the Saskatchewan country, this year.

T. HOURSTON, of the West End Dairy, has made arrangements for the importation of ten first-class cows direct from Ontario to supply milk next fall and winter.

JAS. McDONALD has taken steps to have that part of Jasper avenue extending across the Methodist Mission and D. McDougall estates cleared out and made fit for travel.

ELLIOTT BROS. of Sandy lake, south side, have erected a large dwelling this spring. This is expected to be the nucleus of a new settlement about twelve miles south of town.

P. DALY & CO. have purchased lot 10 on the D. McDougall property, Main street, opposite Jas. McDonald's carpenter shop, and are preparing to move their branch drug store on to it.

D. R. FRASER made a very quick trip to Ontario. He left Edmonton at 8 p. m. on Saturday and was in Calgary on Monday night. In seven days after leaving Edmonton he was at his old home in Blythe, Ont.

THIS lot between Brown & Curry's store and the Alberta hotel, Main street, upon which P. Daly & Co.'s drug store stands, was sold this week to a Winnipeg party for \$2,000. There is a large stable on the rear of the lot valued at about \$500.

REPORTED that the police have received instructions not to assert their authority in non-ceeded Indian territory, that is in the Athabasca, Peace and Mackenzie river countries. Now that trade and travel are setting into that country as never before, it is to be hoped that it will not be allowed to remain outside of treaty limits for long.

A. F. DEGAGNE and three men leave for Lamoureux' Landing to-day to build four barges for use in connection with Messrs. Lamoureux' steamer, which will be employed during the coming season in towing coal and lumber to Battleford.

DR. TOPFIELD'S buckboard broke through the ice at the lower ferry on Friday as he was crossing, and was got out with considerable difficulty. Mrs. Bannerman and child were in the buckboard at the time and narrowly escaped a wetting.

LAST stage brought in a stuffed buffalo head to ornament Jas. McMunn's barber shop and a stuffed eagle for the Alberta hotel. The head was formerly the property of F. D. Wilson of the H. B. Co. here. The eagle was shot last fall by Alex. Adamson of Clover Bar.

IT is likely that in accordance with a petition forwarded some time ago, the stage time between Edmonton and Calgary will be reduced to three days, thereby facilitating passenger travel. The mail contractors are said to favor the change on condition of a moderate increase in their bonus, although two handsome coaches, costing \$900, which they have ordered from London, Ont., would be made useless to them, being too heavy for the quicker travel.

A LETTER from W. R. Lloyd, dated Victoria, B. C., April 6th, arrived by last mail. It appears that the Yukon party delayed a week at Banff waiting for A. Coghlan and W. H. Connors. They then went on to Victoria where they arrived on April 2nd, and were preparing to start for Juneau on the 8th. All were well. They met several parties who were on the Yukon last summer, who reported Stewart river and Forty Mile creek worked out, but that the miners are now working at the mouth of the Tenanah and on Copper river, and expect to strike it rich.

LAST week P. Kelly of Upper Sturgeon river, St. Albert settlement, was in town delivering some beef cattle to M. McCauley, leaving W. Calder in charge of his place. On his return home Calder was absent and a valuable native mare which had been in apparently good health when Mr. Kelly left home was lying dead in the yard. Mr. Kelly did not examine the carcass, and shortly afterwards some Indians tenting near by applied for the privilege of taking the meat for use, to which Mr. Kelly acceded. Afterwards on advice of Samuel Cunningham he examined the carcass and found several buckshot holes in the skin and grains of shot imbedded in the flesh, showing that the beast had been killed by shooting. Complaint was lodged with the police at Edmonton, with what result has not yet transpired.

ON Thursday night last some ill-disposed person put out poison baits in town and as a result a large number of dogs were dead yesterday morning. J. S. Edmonton lost a valuable blood hound, K. A. McLeod a trained collie, and Wm. McKay a good retriever. A number of others of more or less value were also poisoned. A reward of \$100 has been offered for the conviction of the guilty party. It may be that there are more dogs in town than are absolutely necessary to its welfare, but that is no excuse for wholesale poisoning, by which valuable and inoffensive animals are killed.

IT is to be hoped that whoever has been so spiteful and so reckless as to strew poison about the streets may be discovered and punished severely. The nuisance of a few harmless dogs is a small thing compared to the danger from a man who cares so little for the law or his neighbors' property as to break the one and endanger the other by putting out poison on the public street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE LADIES OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND are requested to meet at Mrs. Dr. Wilson's on Wednesday, 25th inst., at 3 p.m., the object being to form a Ladies' Aid Society.

ESTRAY.

A small yearling steer, spotted red and white, indistinct brand on left hip. Owner can hear of its whereabouts by enquiring at this office and paying for this advertisement.

\$100 REWARD.

The undersigned has been authorized to offer the above reward for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who laid out poison baits in Edmonton on the night of Thursday, April 19th.

J. S. EDMONTON.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, APRIL 21, 1888.

THE TIDE HAS TURNED.

It appears that the tide which has set steadily against Manitoba and the North-West for the past few years has turned at last, and is now flowing strongly in their favor. That the turning point, if not the cause of the turn, was the abolition of railway monopoly admits of no doubt. At any rate the large and steadily increasing immigration of this season is proof that there is a great change from the conditions of one, two, three or four years ago, when intending settlers avoided the North-West as though it had the plague, and even Manitoba sent contingents to help to fill up Dakota. There are still too many Eastern Canadians seeking homes in the prairie territories and on the Pacific coast of the United States, but the change that has occurred this season gives hope that in the near future Canadian emigration to the States will cease. With the prospect of rapid railway construction in the North-West, and it is to be hoped with a great deal if not all of the government land now held for sale thrown open for homesteading, with the numerous and varied natural advantages which the country possesses, and above all with a perpetual healthy overflow of population from the thickly populated districts of Eastern Canada, there is every reason to believe that the North-West is entering upon an era of satisfactory and substantial progress. Not only will settlers be more likely to seek homes in the North-West since the burden of railway monopoly has been removed, but capitalists who were naturally deterred from investing in North-West enterprises, knowing that they would be at the mercy of a single railway corporation, may now be expected to come forward and assist in the general advancement. Instead of Manitoba settlers going across the line to Dakota there is every probability, since the two regions have been placed on an equal footing in railway matters, that the superior natural advantages of Canada will attract settlers from Dakota.

During the period of depression when car load after car load of emigrants passed through the most fertile sections of Manitoba on their way to the States without deigning to stop for even a day it could only be expected that Edmonton, the furthest north-western outpost of civilization, 200 miles from the nearest railway, would be almost unheard of, or if heard of unnoticed; to say nothing of the short-sighted policy pursued in other parts of the North-West itself of belittling every part of the country but their own locality. That Edmonton will benefit by the change that has taken place regarding the whole North-West there is no doubt, but besides various forces seem to be at work to draw special attention to this place and district. Not the least of these is the senate committee formed to enquire fully into the geography and resources of the Mackenzie river basin, a region which although occupying at least a fourth of the whole area of Canada is as little known to most Canadians as the interior of Africa. By means of this committee a vast amount of valuable information will be collected. Its publication by the committee insures its publication to a greater or less extent in nearly every newspaper in Canada. Every scrap of this information published is a direct or indirect advertisement of Edmonton as the gateway to and the distributing point of the trade of that vast and valuable region. The gold discoveries on the Yukon and the consequent explorations of that region also serve to draw attention to Edmonton as being on the only practicable railway route to that country, over which two companies have already applied for charters to build a line. The prospect of immediate railway extension in the Fertile Belt from both east and south, also draws attention this way. A trunk line of railway in competition with the C. P. R. in order to reach the coast would naturally cross the

mountains by the Jasper pass. Two companies already holding charters express their intention of building such a line. A road from the C. P. R. line north, for which two companies also hold charters, would naturally seek to touch the Athabasca river at the Landing. Such lines from the east and south to the west and north would necessarily cross each other in this vicinity, and more likely than not would do so at the present town of Edmonton, making it a business centre second to none in the Territories. The lately issued report of J. B. Tyrrell of the geological survey on Northern Alberta must also have an excellent effect on this district. The reports that have been issued heretofore regarding its advantages and resources have to a great extent been looked upon as romances. It was not believed that such a combination of agricultural and mineral wealth could exist on earth. But when reliable scientific authority gives weight and measure, map and photograph, and even chemical analysis, in support of its statements the most sceptical must be convinced that here indeed is nature's treasure house. To those who are interested more particularly in Edmonton itself and its immediate vicinity, who have invested their means and expended their time in the effort to establish a town or city, the news that the government is about to commence the erection of police barracks here is most pleasing. Not so much on account of the incidental expenditures or the location of the police divisional headquarters here—although these matters are both worthy of consideration—as because it is a sign that the government has decided to accept the present as the future town site. As long as the government refused to sink any money in erecting buildings for the accommodation of its offices located here there was a grave fear that the intention was at some future date to chose another location for the site of a town which should be the centre of trade for Northern Alberta and the Mackenzie country, which by the diversion to it of railways and the liberal expenditure of government money would kill Edmonton and destroy the value of the time, labor and money that has been expended here. The decision to erect permanent government buildings here, whether police barracks or whatever else, reverses all this and will tend to create a confidence in the place that must have an invigorating effect both now and in the future. The fact that the government has reached this favorable decision regarding Edmonton shows either that its merits have forced themselves upon the authorities or that it has secured a friend or friends able to forward its interests. That one of these friends is the hon. senator for Alberta there is no doubt. He has already given proof of both will and ability to press the claims of this town and district, and there is no doubt that he will continue to do so. It would be foolish to under-rate the advantage of having such a friend at court.

A word to other towns and districts in the Territories, particularly to Winnipeg and Calgary. As long as Winnipeg remains the distributing point for the trade of the North-West so long every settler, no matter what part of the North-West he may be in, helps to swell its trade, and as long as Calgary remains the supply depot for the north country every settler north of that town helps to swell its trade. On the other hand the trade of every settler who crosses the 49th parallel or the Rocky mountains is lost utterly to both Winnipeg and Calgary. Therefore while it is perfectly legitimate for the authorized and unauthorized immigration agencies at both points to increase settlement in their immediate vicinity as much as possible, it would be more to their interest to have settlers stop anywhere within the North-West than to go outside. Heretofore it has been the practice of each point not only to represent its own advantages in the most favorable light but also to decry as much as possible all other points in the territories. The result has been that thousands not suited with the advantages offered by the prairie country along the C. P. R. line have gone out of the Territories altogether in their search for land, when beyond question many of them would have remained had the many advantages of the country off the railway line in Northern Alberta been ex-

plained to them, and their trade would thereby have been retained for Calgary and Winnipeg. If the immigration agencies at these places would post themselves thoroughly on Northern Alberta from Mr. Tyrrell's pamphlet and other sources they would unquestionably be in a position to secure to their own ultimate advantage a very large part of the immigration which now falls to the share of the regions on the Pacific coast.

A. MACDONALD & CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

First arrivals of Spring Goods, consisting of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

SIDE, SPICED HOLL and

BREAKFAST BACON,

CANNED GOODS and

GENERAL GROCERIES, ETC.

To ARRIVE NEXT WEEK,

a full line of Clothing,

HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.

Prices lower than ever.

Call and examine.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

TIMOTHY SEED,

TURNIP SEED,

ONION SEED,

GARDEN SEED,

—: FULL STOCK AT: —

PHIL. DALY & CO.'S DRUG STORE.

NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

MENS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FELT AND STRAW HATS

And the grandest display of

—: MILLINERY: —

that was ever brought in to Edmonton.

More goods on the way.

Take a look and see the stock.

JOHN A. McDougall.

ARRIVED TO-DAY

EVAPORATED APRICOTS,

LARD, BACON, HAMS,

FLOUR, BUTTER, OAT MEAL,

CORN MEAL, MACKEREL,

LABRADOR HERRINGS,

MATCHES.

Syrup in Kegs, Pails and Barrels.

Also a large stock of Summer Hats, &c., &c.

BROWN & CURRY.

EDMONTON STATIONERY & JEWELRY STORE.

All the Leading American Watches in stock

BOOKS, WRITING MATERIAL, ETC.

E. RAYMER & CO.

Watches and Jewelry promptly repaired.

A complete stock of

B. LAURENCE'S SPECS.

REPLY TO ADDRESS.

The following communications were received by last mail in reply to an address of congratulation on his elevation to the senate forwarded to Hon. R. Hardisty from Edmonton:

WINNIPEG, April 5th, '88.

Donald Ross, Esquire, Edmonton.

DEAR SIR,—

Your letter of the 1st March signed by the electors of Northern Alberta was duly received. Many thanks for your good wishes and hearty congratulations. I only hope that I may be able to do some good for the section of country we are all so much identified with, and not disappoint my friends, who have placed too much confidence in my ability to gain that end.

The Hon. Thomas White saw the necessity of a speedy movement in having grain sent to the people of Edmonton, and lost no time in having arrangements made to attain that object. The court house and telegraph line cannot be supplied this year. Another year may see something done in regard to the building of the court house. I think the telegraph line will be left to those who are soon to build the road into Edmonton. I was obliged to leave Ottawa rather early and I did not get a decided answer from Sir Hector Langevin in regard to an outlay on the road to the Athabasca, but have good hopes that a grant will be given to enable you to put two bridges on that road, one on the Sturgeon and another on the Vermillion, which I considered the most important parts to be attended to.

Hoping to be amongst you again after a short time, and again thanking you for your kind wishes, allow me to remain,

Your friend,

RICHARDISTY.

WINNIPEG, April 6th, '88.

My dear Mr. Ross, Edmonton.

In writing you yesterday I forgot to mention that the police barracks would this spring be built at Edmonton, but I cannot yet say what spot will be selected for the purpose. This will be an outlay of \$10,000, which will benefit the place to some extent.

I have not yet heard what has been decided regarding the change asked in the mail service between Edmonton and Calgary. I hope, however, to hear before I leave this.

I am,
Yours truly,
RICHARDISTY.

THE MACKENZIE BASIN.

On March 29th Senator Schultz introduced his motion for a committee to enquire into the resources of the Mackenzie river basin in a lengthy and able speech, abounding with statistics as to the extent and value of that region, from the development of which Edmonton hopes to reap such great material benefit. He likened the Mackenzie with its lakes to the St. Lawrence, and declared it to be a greater river than the Mississippi. A particularly important part of his speech is as follows: "As regards the mineral wealth of this region, Sir John Richardson is said to have been so struck with it during one of his voyages that he seriously advised one of the officers of the Hudson's Bay Company to give up their fur trade and devote the whole of their efforts and resources to the development and transportation to England of the minerals of the country." Senator Girard supported the motion for a committee, and in the course of his speech said: "I respectfully ask if since the organization of our North-West the Dominion has not taken a new stand before the world? We have certainly doubled in importance greatness and wealth." Senator Turner supported the motion and read communications on the subject, one containing information furnished by Mr. M. McLeod of Little Mountain and the other compiled by Mr. Donald Ross of Edmonton. Senator Sanford made a most enthusiastic speech on the improvement and prospects of the North-West at large; and was followed by other senators in a similarly favorable strain. The following committee was appointed: Hon. Messrs. Almon, Bolduc, Botsford, Carvell, Chaffers, Fernier, Dickey, Girard, Howlan, Kaulbach, Leonard, McCullum, McClelan, McInnis, (B. C.) Macdonald, (B.C.) Macpherson (Sir David Lewis), Merner, Miller, Ogilvie, Pelletier, Reesor, Robitaille, Sanford, Sutherland, Schultz, Thibaudeau, Turner, O'Donohoe, Poirier, Power, Macdonald (Midland), Hardisty, Gowan. The motion of Senator Schultz was "to call the attention of the hon. members of the Senate to the value of that part of the Dominion lying north of the Saskatchewan watershed, east of the Rocky Mountains and west of Hudson Bay, comprising the Great Mackenzie Basin — its extent of navigable rivers, lakes and sea coast, of agricultural and pastoral land its fisheries, forests and mines, with a view to an inquiry into its possible commercial and agricultural value, by committee of this hon. house or otherwise."

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It is not many years ago since Mr. MacKenzie's scheme of utilizing Canada's magnificent water stretches during the construction of the Canada Pacific railway was jeered at in season and out of season by the conservative party and its leaders all over Canada, and the utility of these water stretches was belittled in every conceivable way by the "patriots." It may be well to call to mind that only a month or two ago the improvement and utilization of these alleged to be worthless water stretches was gravely proposed by the present administration as a means of supplying the lack of transportation facilities in the present C. P. R. And now the dignified senate, by special committee, is investigating the possibility of utilizing them as a means of promoting the settlement of the country in advance of railroad construction.

Sir Charles Tupper may have made a splendid speech regarding the "conciliatory concessions" made by the Canadian section of the fisheries commission to the demands of the United States. Until the full report arrives it is a puzzle to know what justification can be offered for the concession of a right for anything short of a valuable consideration. If the concession of rights is the price to be paid for conciliation it is only a matter of time when all rights will have been conceded, and no means of securing conciliation will remain. If Sir Charles Tupper's ability in defending his action is equal to the facility with which he gave away in the fisheries' matter the contentions of the government of which he forms a part he truly must have made a splendid speech.

THE Qu'Appelle Vidette uncharitably attributes the change of sentiment in the Qu'Appelle Progress on the appointment of Royal to the lieutenant-governorship of the North-West not to new light on the subject but to desire to share in the boodle likely to be at the disposal of the new official.

The Morden, Southern Manitoba, Monitor, of March 27th speaks of spring as likely to open soon.

Forty below at Prince Albert on March 19th.

NORTHERN ALBERTA.

THE BULLETIN is indebted to Mr. J. B. Tyrrell of the geological survey of Canada for a copy of the report on his work in Northern Alberta during the season of '86, which arrived by last mail. It is beautifully printed, has several illustrations, is accompanied by maps, and can be procured from the publishers, Dawson Bros. of Montreal for 25 cts. One of the illustrations gives a view of the Big Coal Seam 25 feet thick, on the North Saskatchewan 45 miles above Edmonton. In describing the partially wooded nature of the greater part of Northern Alberta Mr. Tyrrell says: "With the exception of the small forest areas mentioned above, the rest of the region consists of half wooded country, with groves of poplar and willow, separated by open glades and grassy stretches of greater or less extent. This part is thus most attractive both to the traveller in search of natural beauties and to the would-be settler looking for a place where to make for himself a comfortable home in the shortest possible time." A very interesting part of the report is a short account of former explorations dating from the year 1750. The amount of valuable information given in the report is so great and so much in particular that adequate mention throughout is impossible, but the following paragraph of special interest is given in full: "It has long been known that this is the highest point on the river where gold can be washed out of the gravel and sand bars in paying quantities, and prospectors on that account have been led to examine the banks in this vicinity very closely. In sections 35 and 36, township 50, range 4 west of the fifth principal meridian, the coal seam has been burnt out over a considerable area, and the ground is now scattered over in many places with large masses of a slag-like rock, and where these have not been covered with the alluvial deposits, beds of ashes and burnt clay and sandstone skirt the edge of the bank of undisturbed coal-bearing strata. A number of specimens of this burnt material were collected and have been assayed in the laboratory with the following interesting results: Two masses of slag-like rock lying at the foot of the slope in which the coal seam is exposed, taken from places one mile apart, showed a trace of gold. Arenaceous clay-shale underlying coal seam, showed trace of gold. Ashes from burnt coal seam, showed trace of gold. A trace of gold was also found in the parting of clay-shale in the coal seam where it had been unaffected by fire. A sample of the over-lying boulder clay was also assayed, but no gold could be detected in it." In figuring out the amount of coal in the 25-foot seam west of Edmonton the conclusion is reached that in an area of two miles by three is contained 150,000,000 tons. On the Red Deer at a point over 100 miles distant the same seam is again exposed with a thickness of ten feet, containing 12,500,000 tons to the square mile. At Knee Hill creek, eighty miles further south, it is again exposed, and contains 5,000,000 tons to the square mile. Mention is made of limestone on the bank of the North Saskatchewan in township 47, range 9, west of the 5th principal meridian.

♦♦♦♦♦

It is not many years ago since Mr. MacKenzie's scheme of utilizing Canada's magnificent water stretches during the construction of the Canada Pacific railway was jeered at in season and out of season by the conservative party and its leaders all over Canada, and the utility of these water stretches was belittled in every conceivable way by the "patriots." It may be well to call to mind that only a month or two ago the improvement and utilization of these alleged to be worthless water stretches was gravely proposed by the present administration as a means of supplying the lack of transportation facilities in the present C. P. R. And now the dignified senate, by special committee, is investigating the possibility of utilizing them as a means of promoting the settlement of the country in advance of railroad construction.

Sir Charles Tupper may have made a splendid speech regarding the "conciliatory concessions" made by the Canadian section of the fisheries commission to the demands of the United States. Until the full report arrives it is a puzzle to know what justification can be offered for the concession of a right for anything short of a valuable consideration. If the concession of rights is the price to be paid for conciliation it is only a matter of time when all rights will have been conceded, and no means of securing conciliation will remain. If Sir Charles Tupper's ability in defending his action is equal to the facility with which he gave away in the fisheries' matter the contentions of the government of which he forms a part he truly must have made a splendid speech.

THE Qu'Appelle Vidette uncharitably attributes the change of sentiment in the Qu'Appelle Progress on the appointment of Royal to the lieutenant-governorship of the North-West not to new light on the subject but to desire to share in the boodle likely to be at the disposal of the new official.

NORRIS & CAREY,

JOBBERS

—AND—

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

1888

STOCK COMPLETE.

ALBERTA BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. STEWART & BANNERMAN.

TENDERS.



Sealed Tenders marked "For Mounted Police Provisions and Light Supplies," addressed to the Honourable the President of the Privy Council will be received upto noon on Tuesday, 15th May, 1888.

Printed forms of tenders, containing full information as to the articles and approximate quantities required, may be had on application to any of the Mounted Police Posts in the North-West, or at the office of the undersigned.

No tender will be received unless made on such printed forms.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian bank cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total value of the articles tendered for, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority having been first obtained.

FRED. WHITE,

Comptroller, N. W. M. Police.

Ottawa, March 20th, 1888.

THRESHING MACHINES.

THE NEW MODEL,

33 and 36 inch Cylinder. Will thresh more grain of any kind, and cleaner, with less waste, than any Machine in the market. The New Model is the best Machine to be had for Flax.

HALL THRESHING MACHINES,

22 and 36 inch Cylinder. Though this Machine has been before the farmers of Canada and the United States for fifty years, it is still the Favorite Machine where Horse-Power is the motive power to drive it.

OSHAWA 12 HORSE PORTABLE ENGINES,
with Spark Arresters, Dalzell Steel and Wilson's Steel Tubes in the Boilers, the best Steel and the best Tubes in the world, ensuring absolute safety to all who look after their Engines.

PITTS' 10 HORSE DOWN POWERS.

WOODBURY 12 HORSE MOUNTED POWERS.

PLANET 10 HORSE DOWN POWER,
all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

CALIFORNIA 12 HORSE DOWN POWER,
all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

In quality of material, good workmanship and finish, these Machines cannot be exceeded. Repairs and parts of Machines at all times on hand.

JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS, OSHAWA.

JOHN LIVINGSTONE, Trustee.

TAKE NOTICE

That an order made by W. R. Jarvis, in favor of C. Shaw, on me, for the sum of Sixty Dollars is of no value.

W. D. JARVIS.

Edmonton, 31st March, 1888.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd, Vic., chap. 35, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of James Gille, late of the west half (1) of section twenty-four (24), township fifty-three (53), range twenty-four (24), west of the fourth (4th) principal meridian, in the North-West Territories, farmer, deceased, who died on or about the thirty-first day of December, 1887, are hereby requested to send or deliver to the undersigned John Coleman, Edmonton P. O., the administrator (duly appointed) of the said estate on or before the first day of May, 1888, a statement in writing of their names and addresses and the full particulars of their claims and demands and the securities (if any) held by them.

And notice is hereby further given that after the date last aforesaid the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall have had notice, and the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim or claims he shall not have had notice.

JOHN COLEMAN,
Administrator.

Edmonton, Alberta, 29th February, 1888.

NOTICE.



TO MILLERS AND OTHERS IN THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES AND THROUGHOUT MANITOBA.

Sealed Tenders, accompanied by One Hundred Pound Samples, and endorsed "Tenders for Flour," will be received at the undersigned Indian Agencies, in the North-West Territories, up to Monday the sixteenth of April, 1888.

AGENT.	AGENCY.
H. Martineau	The Narrows, Lake Manitoba.
J. A. Markle	Birtle.
J. J. Campbell	Moose Mountain.
A. McDonald	Crooked Lakes.
W. S. Grant	Assiniboine Reserve.
H. L. Reynolds	File Hills.
J. B. Lash	Muscopetung's Reserve.
H. Keith	Touchwood Hills.
J. Finlayson	Mistawasis' Reserve.
R. C. McKenzie	Duck Lake.
P. J. Williams	Battleford.
G. G. Mann	Onion Lake.
J. A. Mitchell	Victoria.
W. C. de Balinhard	Edmonton.
S. B. Lucas	Peace Hills.
W. Pocklington	Blood Reserve.
M. Begg	Blackfoot Crossing.
F. C. Cornish	Sarcee Reserve.

Forms of tender, giving full particulars relative to the quality, quantity and points of delivery of flour required may be had on application to the Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa; to the Indian Commissioner for Manitoba and the North-West Territories at Regina; to E. McColl, Winnipeg, or to any of the above named Indian Agents; no tender will be entertained unless it is made on one of these forms. Every tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque, approved by the Indian Agent of the District, for at least five per cent. of the amount thereof, which will be forfeited if the tenderer declines to enter into a contract based on this tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to fulfil his contract to the satisfaction of the Department. If the tenderer prefers to do so he may deposit with the Agent, in lieu of an accepted cheque, the notes of any Chartered Bank in Canada to an equal amount.

Tenders will be entertained for a portion or for the whole quantity of flour required at any given point.

For particulars and conditions see forms of tender.

The lowest, or any tender, not necessarily accepted.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.
Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, 10th February, 1888.

GENERAL.

The Khedive of Egypt is said to have sent medals to all the Canadian voyageurs of the Nile expedition.

A new town is to be started south of Gleichen by an English Colonization company, to be called Queenstown.

The Morden, Southern Manitoba, Monitor of April 5th mentions that the field were still covered with snow in that locality on that date.

The Winnipeg Call would like to see the Manitoba North-West railway pushed on to Prince Albert even at the expense of a cash bonus from the federal government.

The Regina Leader on the reversal of the disallowance policy says: "The North-West has thus had a further proof of the deep and watchful interest taken in her future by the Grand Old Man."

The Prince Albert Times unkindly insinuates that a desire for an increase of police expenditure at Battleford was the inspiration of the Herald's late alarmist articles concerning an Indian uprising.

Calgary Tribune, April 11: Ducks and geese have appeared in considerable numbers in this vicinity. Large parties of emigrants are passing through for British Columbia and Washington Territory.

Calgary had a leap year ball recently, of which the Tribune gave such a glowing account that the Herald accused it of using disgraceful language. The Tribune replies that the Herald is guilty of "torturing words which were the result of merely playful fancy into abhorrent and painful suggestions of evil."

A Regina correspondent of the Calgary Herald writing on the bill to provide a new form of local government for the North-West objects to the provision admitting three judges to the deliberations of the assembly for the purpose of shaping legislation. He says: "It is a well-known fact that law-makers have a great dislike to prove themselves to have been stupid, and that, for this reason, bad ordinances have been upheld on the bench, contrary to constitutional conviction."

The Calgary Tribune says the BULLETIN thinks that its issue should not be circulated at the general expense because it said: "before long people will have arrived at such a pitch of enlightenment as will prevent their loading the mails with waste paper free of postage under the impression that they are aiding the spread of knowledge." If the BULLETIN made a business of publishing waste paper the argument would apply to it. If the Tribune does not do so it has no occasion to squirm and waste its scanty store of wit in attempting argument when it is only capable of abuse.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Saturday morning, April 21st, 1888. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday,	53	
Sunday,	42	32
Monday,	39	22
Tuesday,	34	16
Wednesday,	47	25
Thursday,	43	29
Friday,	50	31
Saturday		38

Barometer rising, 27.655.
Rainfall for the week 0.43 inches.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Public notice is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has this day been pleased to order that Sittings of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories, for the Judicial District of Northern Alberta shall be held within the said District at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the days and at the places following, namely:

Calgary:—The second Tuesday in April, July and November in each and every year.

Edmonton:—The second Monday in May and October in each and every year.

By Command,

A. E. FORGET,
Secretary.

Lieutenant-Governor's Office, Regina, N. W.

ESTRAY HORSE.

Came to the premises of the subscriber about the middle of January a light roan horse, saddle marked, white stripe on nose, three white feet, branded "S" on left hip. Very poor. Owner is requested to pay expenses and take away.

GEO. GAGNON.

BANKING.

L AFFERTY & SMITH,

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
EDMONTON, REGINA, MOOSOMIN AND CALGARY.
P. G. GRAY, Manager.

P. DALY,

BANKER,
Drafts issued and collections made.
Office, P. Daly & Co.'s Drug Store,
Edmonton.

S EED WHEAT FOR SALE.

WHITE AND RED FIFE.

Samples may be seen at Brown & Curry's and Ross Bros., Edmonton.

Price \$2.00 per bushel; Cash.

Apply to R. HOLMES,
Clover Bar.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE
making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

D. M. FERRY & CO.,

Windsor, Ontario.

Choice Garden and Flower Seeds for sale everywhere.

A fresh stock on hand at the

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY'S STORE,
Edmonton.

B ALLENTEYN YATES,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,
Studio temporarily at T. B. Henderson's, Main street. Photographs, Groups, Views, etc. Also Gem Tintypes delivered finished in first-class style in thirty minutes. A large stock of first-class material just arrived. Now is your time to leave your orders for a real good Card, Cabinet, Group or Tintype. Good workmanship guaranteed at moderate prices.

J. WALTER, Carriage Maker and Boat Builder, Ft. Edmonton ferry landing, south side.

Just arrived a large stock of Hickory and Oak plank and boards, all sizes. Wagon Tongues, Buggy Tongues, Buggy Shafts, Buggy and Wagon Spokes, Felloes and Wheels, Whiffle Trees and Neck Yokes, Seat Springs, etc.

Four new boats, medium size, now on hand.

EDMONTON RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Members holding rifles from the association will either renew their subscriptions for the present year or return rifle at once to C. F. STRANG, Secretary.

CHURCHES.

S. T. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10:30 a.m. every Sunday, Sermon in English, French and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.
Rev. G. H. Long, Pastor. Hours of services, Edmonton, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. every Sabbath. Sabbath school 2:30 p.m. Sturgeon river: April 29, May 13 and 27; June 10th and 24th, at 3 p.m. Clover Bar: April 22nd, May 20th, June 17th, at the house of Mr. Daly at 3 p.m.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—All Saints' Sunday school at 10, divine service at 11. Lower Settlement, Sunday school and service at 3. Hermitage, S. S. at 5, service at 6. Fort Saskatchewan, service second Sunday in each month at 11. Holy communion at All Saints' 1st Sunday in the month, and at the Hermitage every Friday morning at 9.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor, the Rev. D. G. McQueen, B. A. Sabbath services: Edmonton 11 a.m. (except April 15th and May 13th), and 7 p.m. Belmont, 2:30 p.m., April 15th, 26th, May 13th, 27th. Sturgeon, 3 p.m., April 22nd, May 20th. Clover Bar, 3 p.m., April 8th, May 6th. Ft. Saskatchewan, 10 a.m., April 15th, May 13th.

PROFESSIONAL

W ATSON & CONNON,

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, &c.

GEORGE A. WATSON. C. H. CONNON, M. A.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta; Office, Main Street, Edmonton, opposite Fraser avenue.

D R. J. H. TOFIELD,

St. George's Hospital, London,
Temporary residence and consulting room,
second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

J. U. PRIEUR,

BARRISTER, AVOCAT, ETC.,

ST. ALBERT.

H. C. WILSON, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
Office next Daly's Drug Store. Consultation hours: 3 to 5 p.m.

S HAW & PRINCE,

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, ETC.,
EDMONTON, Alberta, N. W. T.
CHARLES L. SHAW. ANTONIO PRINCE.

H OTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street.
The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, south side of Main street. First class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. J. S. EDMONTON, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD BOSS Proprietor.

LIBERTA HOTEL.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.
This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.
L. KELLY, Proprietor.

B USINESS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES may be obtained at THE HERMITAGE.

P BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

I VERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES.
Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCAULEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

J. F. SMITH.—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. Adjoining Hotel du Canada, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,
GENERAL BLACKSMITH.
HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.
Shop in rear of A. Macdonald & Co.'s store.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor, Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main street, Edmonton.

THE LATEST STYLES IN LADIES' Winter Hats, Trimmings, etc., etc., opposite Norris & Carey's.
MANTEL MAKING A SPECIALTY.
Apprentices wanted.

FARM FOR SALE. Mile and a half from Edmonton, south side, 25 acres under cultivation. House, outbuildings, and spring creek on the place. For particulars apply to D. MCKINLAY, Edmonton, P. O.